

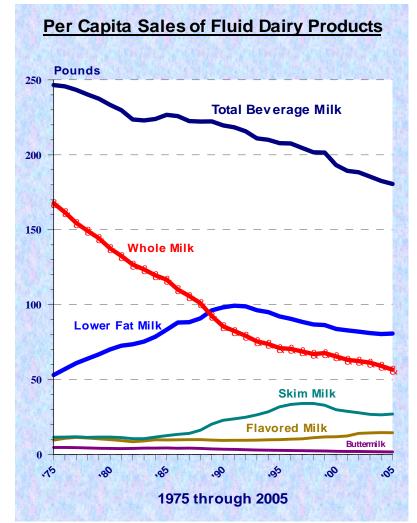
Marketing Service

BULLETIN

Per Capita Consumption of Selected Dairy Products

Dairy product consumption has changed substantially over the past several decades. These changes have important implications for all involved in the production, processing, and marketing of milk and milk-based products. Particularly noteworthy are the trends in per capita consumption. The graphs in this bulletin depict per capita consumption data for various dairy products from 1975 through 2005*.

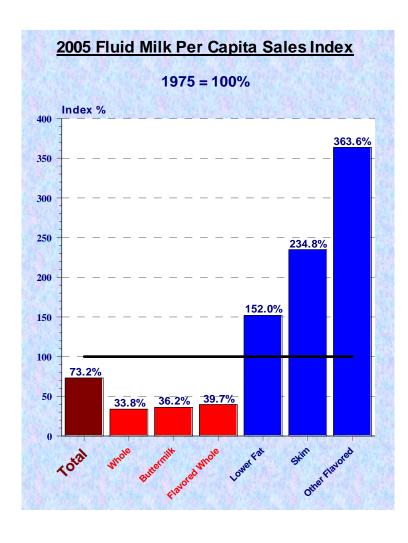
A continual downward trend in per capita sales of total beverage milk is indicated by the graph below. Per capita sales of whole milk, flavored whole milk, and buttermilk have all decreased significantly since 1975. Moreover, per capita sales of whole milk and buttermilk during 2005 were less than 40% of the level recorded in 1975. While lower fat fluid products posted substantial gains during much of this time period, per capita sales have declined in recent years

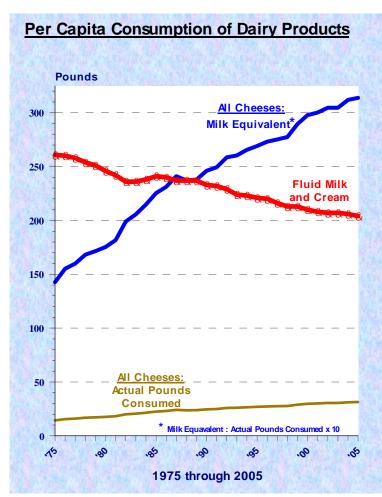


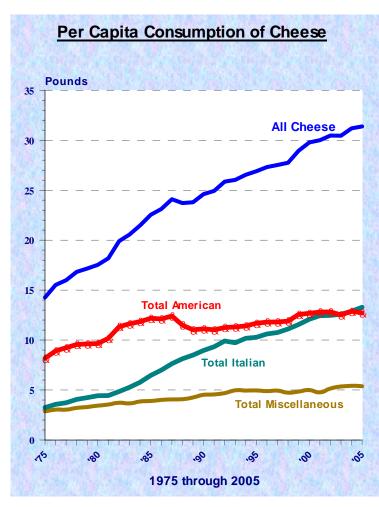
for all items except flavored lowfat milk. The upper left graph on page two depicts 2005 per capita sales as a percentage of 1975 sales for selected fluid milk products.

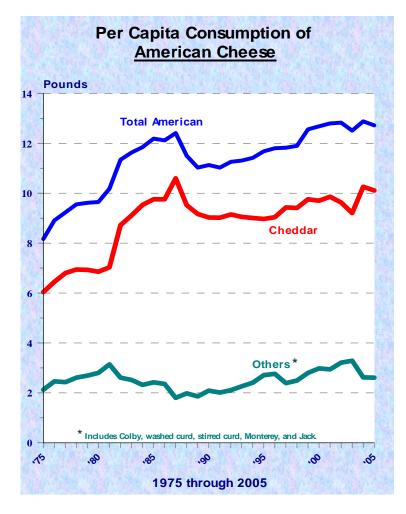
The remaining graphs on pages two and three depict per capita consumption of selected dairy products. Cheese consumption has exhibited large gains as indicated by these graphs. To emphasize this point, the milk equivalent of cheese consumption has been greater than fluid milk and cream since the late 1980s. Mozzarella has posted the largest gains among hard cheeses with consumption rising from 2.1 pounds per person in 1975 to 10.2 pounds during 2005. Yogurt and cream products also posted significant per capita consumption gains during this time period.

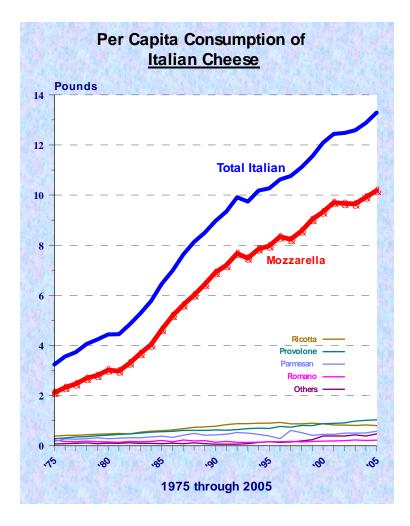
* All 2005 data is preliminary. The source for data in this bulletin is *Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Outlook*, United States Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service. (www.ers.usda.gov/publications/ldp)

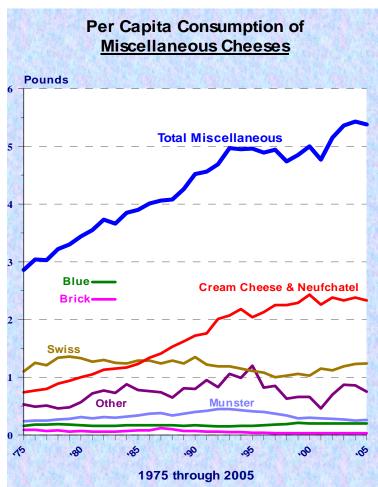


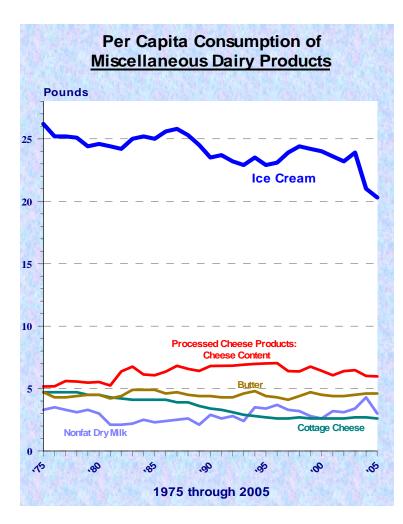


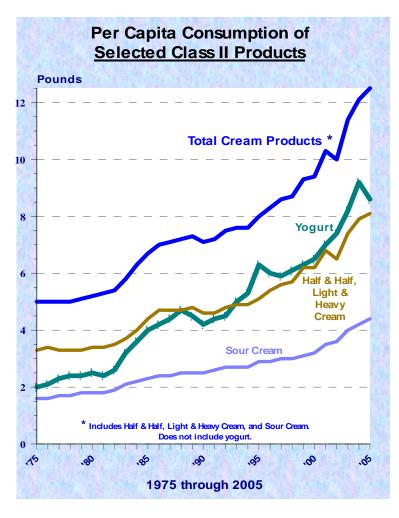












	Statistical Uniform Price		Producer Price Differential		Class I Utilization	
	<u>Jul '06</u>	<u>Jun '06</u>	<u>Jul '06</u>	<u>Jun '06</u>	<u>Jul '06</u>	<u>Jun '06</u>
Northeast	12.79	12.66	1.87	1.37	42.75	44.27
Appalachian	13.33	12.84			66.30	61.02
Florida	14.65	14.14			84.85	82.84
Southeast	13.28	12.90			62.10	56.35
Upper Midwest	11.30	11.52	0.38	0.23	15.05	16.31
Central	11.53	11.62	0.61	0.33	25.23	33.45
Mideast	11.74	11.74	0.82	0.45	33.29	33.70
Pacific Northwest	11.29	11.30	0.37	0.01	24.24	27.89
Southwest	12.32	12.36	1.40	1.07	30.68	33.13
Arizona-Las Vegas	11.85	11.67			37.90	34.93

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